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THE JECTS: Tybrioling of Resistantes from the USSR

On 17 July 1962, undersigned was able (through the coursesy of SE Livision) to meet and debrief Dan WEBSTER, an American redefector who left the USE!! last May. Webmer to a planter en inser who want as a guide to the Solvainiti Fair in 1959, fell in love with a dusting girl, and defected to live with her, although he had a wite and family in the US. According to Webster's stary, he cecided to redefect when he learned that his mercer had salle; ed a mental breakdow, presentably ceased by his collection. We also states ther by was "homestek" and claims not to have been taken in by foriet losse. During most of Ms coffeers in the Soviet Union. Tebster was living with his Soviet cucin co-law wife and her family in Leningrad, where he had a job in a plactice informatory. Sebeter appears to be intelligent and observant, but politically or ideologically unsephisticated, life contacts were chiefly with fellow werband and his relationals ascial circle. Casatima from micardiques were chiefly designed in elicit information on exercit inviol unionies. Wedates's views da various Soviet attitudes are reported below.

- i. forici nuclear test series. Soriet citiente ware aware of the excise, but know so details.
- 2. Attitude towards Americane. Little or na housility to American people, who are believed misled by their releva.
- 3. Altitude towards Commans. Fear and distracts many lening ractors still remomber the stage, of course. We shoter was strongly conscious of building to east-German propagated over the last year.
- i. Attitude toward glave. We better was very conscious of widespread anti-termitium, such as he believes was ence common in some areas in the US, but which has hereby disappeared here. (We hear, incidentally, does not appear to be Javish himself.)
- 5. Attitude towards Negroce. Webster mid there wason a few negrous in Leningrad; he know of no instance of said-
- h. Attitude on religion. Heligion has largely disappeared among the yearser generations the old people sometimes still go to church.

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The Series people take the Charles of the Charles of the Control of the Charles o

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- 7. The strict distance the forest people are conscious of the improvement to their standard of Moring wince Stalle's death.
- or cleare a clear of the states of last believe that there was not cleare a clear of the states of the state of the state
- the test behavior. It and no testetallar, Tabeter was cortainly only help first by the prevences of drawings on he for the property of a drawings of the first of the property of a decimal practice will read to the light store and ask others who come to "go in the 3 helps they have beined a helping and drink it operated been adjusted beined a helping and drink it operated been appropriately contact. It is a lightest who consider the first been appropriately contact. It is a light of the first that they have a light of the first that the contact of the sample in the circle case.
- 12. Western radio. Once he had decided to version, i ebeter event a let of home decenting to western radio brandteries, as well as reading Laglish-language books, which were nealtable in a special Rivary in Lexingrad. He could bear the active begange brandcasts, but all bestim language to programs were join and out. (In believed YOA was formed his over the bloc.) In thought DBC newscass were that more sheether than the YOA case, because they seemed and programmedatic. (** Pauler Cld not mession Radio Livery.)
- conveniely interested in all binds of Armerican wrante, though they

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edua to and distinguish interes charical form and popular dimen-icasic. Webster evice by has strong facilitys on the subject of visiting entertainment, and has been because to pass on to come.

to aftipies in Later Countries. Valette and Ma mistress work a bas trip to a stock and Laters. He was impressed with the contrast between these symbles and Marcia fire M. and says that they reminised him of remarkants, making him benesich. He did not see any crart and excleting big circle is stores give historics to those are short the rock; padents on to

Pasternal. Webster was vague about South views of Pasternal and Dr. Change. (It appeared that Webster's con-tacts were probably not gustons for literary culture.)

Since Webster appeared to be quite articulate, understand asked him if he had considered writing up his experiences for publication, perhaps to a magnific article. He said that he had thought of it, but had given up the ites out of concern for his mether.

> Ned Despes CA/PROP/OB

03 CA/Trapagnada/GuidancesEssantine (25 Suly 18)

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- Chateard

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To: Rudy Balaban

From: Ned Bennett

(11c - Beb)

Subject: Dan Webster

of pro-Stalin sentiment.

Reference: Attached memorandum for the record; telephone conversation of this date.

for the record was not written until several days after my meetings with subject. It may be incorrect on some details of W's history, which you would of source know all about. If the story in the first paragraph does not perfectly match what W. has told you, the fault is prolably mine, not w's; you might call me if you see any INCOMENTAL inconsistencies.

2. Generally speaking, the information W. gave does not seem to me inconsistent with what I have seen from other sources. On the questions of social friction and religion, his reply was more "pro-Soviet" than some information INI from other sources. On the other hand, his answers on anti-Semitima and his statements on drunkenness certainly did not east any very favorable IIX light on Soviet society. One interesting answer which I neglected to include in my memo indicated the continuing existence

In the first paragraph of the memo, I state that W. seemed "politically or ideologically unsophisticated." It probably would have been more correct to say that he was uninterested, or uncommitted, rather than EMEMEN unsophisticated, though that was also true. Such negative references as he made to Soviet ideas (and there were not many such references) seemed a little intended to satisfy me; they were mainly made in the first part of the interview, before any rapport was established. If he was unhappy in Leningrad, it seemed to be because he felt himself an alien, and because he was home-wisk for the good old USA, not because there was anything wrong with Communism, or anything good about American political institutions. He presented himself somewhat as the ordinary many who tries to get along; a lit-

tle Ex provincial or even puritanical in making moral judgments on others, even while obviously exposed to normal criticism himself. He described the news of his mother's condition as having MMN been a real shock to him, and this seems consistent with his tendency to criticize drunkenness, bad language, slipshod work, and so forth in others. He sommented, rather approvingly, that Soviet children really mind when they are seelded by total strangers, whereas American children (he thought) would not. I would expect that he would be a good reactor when submitted to a polygraph. Perhaps because EX he had already been questioned for several hours, he seemed to be little guarded and jumpy, especially when any of my questions seemed to stray from the subject of Soviet public attitudes. On the other hand, he volunteered I quite a few remarks about his own ease, his own problems. He appeared to be worried about his chances of finding a job, and mentioned that one old friend (who had stuck by him sall the way") was trying to help him in this. t. When the time came for me to depart, i.e. when I had asked all the questions I could think of, he seked if anything further was to happen

that day. I said that all I knew was what you had told us when you left, that there was nothing further set ups, and that I could simply leave when finished. He offered me a drink, which I declined, saying I wanted to get home. I think he rather enjoyed the interview, or at least M the chance to spout off his views. As my memo indicates, I was impressed by his articulateness, which probably resulted from his saying things he had thought out and prepared himself to say. I did not really areas—question him, in the sense of trying to catch him out, or probing his own motives; he was willing to run on and I was willing to let him, asking new questions when he had said all he could on old ones.